Proceedings 1 (In open court.) 2 THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: Good morning. This is a 3 criminal cause for detention hearing in the matter of United 4 States of America versus Jiahui Miao, Docket Number 22-CR-458. 5 The Mandarin interpreter has been previously sworn. 6 Can counsel please state their appearance for the 7 record, starting with the Government. 8 MS. GONZALEZ: Good morning, Your Honor. 9 For the United States, Miranda Gonzalez, and with 10 the Court's permission, I am joined by an intern in our office 11 Yasmeen Mohammed Rafee. 12 THE COURT: Well, hello. Is it morning still? Good 13 morning to you. 14 THE INTERN: Thank you. 15 THE COURT: All right. 16 MR. SINGER: Yes, it's still morning. For Mr. Miao, 17 Mr. Murray Singer. Good morning. 18 THE COURT: Good morning, Mr. Singer. Good morning, 19 Mr. Miao. 20 All right, folks, we're here for a detention hearing 21 with respect to the Defendant Miao. Now, Defendant Miao was 22 arrested on October 13, 2023 and charged with conspiracy to --23 MR. SINGER: Twenty-two. 24 THE COURT: Oh, yeah, I guess you're right.

you for the correction -- and charged with conspiracy to

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operate an unlicensed money transmitting business in violation of Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1960(A). Now, Defendant Miao made his initial appearance before Magistrate Judge Peggy Kuo. He was released on \$100,000 bond cosigned by three sureties.

Now, on August 30, 2023, a bond revocation hearing was held before then Magistrate Judge Reyes and the bond was modified to include the following conditions:

One, the defendant shall be subject to home detention with location monitoring, the defendant shall be subject to cyber monitoring, he was restricted to one cell phone and one laptop to be monitored by pretrial services, he was required to participate in mental health evaluation and treatment as deemed appropriate by pretrial services, and his travel was restricted to New York City and Long Island.

Now, on September 18, 2023, the Court received a pretrial services memorandum to report defendant's access to the Internet on his iPhone and his MacBook devices in violation of the Court's order. Now, on February 29, 2024, pretrial services filed another memorandum under seal to provide additional information concerning the defendant's alleged noncompliance.

Now, specifically, it was reported that based on cyber monitoring, between January 8, 2024 and February 26 2024, on the defendant's monitored MacBook, it was revealed that the defendant conducted several web searches

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pertaining to crypto currency, Bitcoin, Coinbase Commerce, PayPal, and overseas banking. Also on February 15, 2024, the defendant appeared to search and view a website related to the State of Hawaii identification card application. In addition, on February 20, 2023, defendant appeared to research Swiss Life, Switzerland's oldest life insurance company.

Now, to be clear, the searches in and of themselves are not expressly precluded, but the nature of the searches raise concern for this Court. In any event, on February 18, 2024, pretrial services directed the defendant by email to report to pretrial services offices on February 22, 2024 with the two monitored devices for inspection and to discuss the concerns raised by the searches that were revealed previously on February 26th and January 8th of 2024.

Now, Defendant failed to report to the office as directed on February 22nd, and was then directed to report the following day, February 23rd. After being directed to report the following day, the defendant contacted pretrial services by phone and stated that he would not report to the office. He noted that he did not have the financial means to travel to pretrial services offices. Now, the Court held a hearing on March 7, 2024 to address the content of the February 29, 2024 memorandum by pretrial services and the violation report that was filed by that office.

Now, at that hearing, this Court directed the

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defendant to meet with pretrial services on that day to hand over his cell phone. The defendant, at that time, had failed to bring in his laptop as pretrial services had previously directed him to do so. Accordingly, this Court directed him to return to pretrial services the following day on March 8th with his laptop to address his concerns regarding travel.

The Court indicated that pretrial services was to provide him with a MetroCard which would allow him to travel to the court, which pretrial services did.

Now, pretrial services was able to conduct at least a cursory review of the defendant's cell phone which was one of the devices at issue. It appeared that the defendant had bypassed the cyber monitoring software that had been previously installed and that he had accessed the Onion browser which, according to pretrial services, allows the defendant to access Internet sites undetected, otherwise known as the dark web.

The Court had set March 8th as a date for this Court to hold a hearing concerning Mr. Miao's request for new counsel. At the time of that hearing which was scheduled for 4:00 p.m., the Court learned that the defendant failed to appear before pretrial services at 1:00 p.m. on March 8th as the Court had directed him on the prior day.

Now, upon learning of the defendant's further noncompliance and coupled with the information that the Court

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had from pretrial services concerning the Internet searches and the nature of the searches, this Court determined that the defendant should be remanded into custody based on a potential risk of flight and I set this date as a hearing on the remand issue.

I think -- does that fully and completely give you all the background here?

MS. GONZALEZ: Yes, Your Honor. I would just note that the defendant was charged with four counts in total. In additional to the unlicensed money laundering, he was also charged with money laundering conspiracy in the substantive offense, and also conspiracy in the substantive for the other count that Your Honor mentioned.

THE COURT: Okay. All right.

So where things stand now is that there's been a couple of issues that have been raised since March 8th. The information that the Court has in trying to determine whether there is a clear and convincing evidence that Defendant poses a risk of flight are, again, that the kind of concerning searches that the defendant made on his cell phone which, again, included web searches regarding out-of-state identifications, foreign banking, and insurance institutions, searches regarding crypto currency, as well as the access to what we refer to, again, as the dark web.

I have since learned that based on a search of the

laptop that pretrial services was able to ultimately conduct that the defendant has also been conducting searches that seem related to the purchase of an airplane.

Now, this Court noted previously that the defendant is not a citizen of the United States, but remains a citizen of China. I have also learned that since his initial bail package was set, where as I understand it, he was residing with his then girlfriend, she may still be his girlfriend, but that he no longer resides with her. It's unclear what his residence is, but that also at least one of the three suretors has asked to be removed as a suretor. These three additional facts only raise a specter of concern that the Court relied upon in determining that this defendant posed a flight risk and remanding him on March 8th.

Mr. Singer, do you wish to put on any evidence or make any argument in connection with the Court's determination on remand at this time?

MR. SINGER: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay. I'll hear from you.

MR. SINGER: Do you want me to stand, Judge?

THE COURT: Yes, please. You can move that podium

closer to you and put your papers there if it's --

MR. SINGER: No, it's fine. I will work with it.

I have spent, since last Friday, doing a lot of catch up --

And with the Court's gratitude. 1 THE COURT: 2 And Mr. Macdonald, whom I replaced on MR. SINGER: 3 late Friday afternoon, left from court and left the country on 4 vacation so I haven't been able to get any materials from him. 5 I expect him to be back next week. We had spoken beforehand, 6 he has indicated that he will fully turn over everything. 7 It's just that he was on his way out of town so I don't have 8 any of that. So I'm dancing as fast as I can. 9 So, there were three suretors on the bond, there 10 were two on the original bond and then a third was added, I 11 think it was August 30th of last year. One of the three men 12 named David Lee, I have spoken to, he has indicated --13 THE COURT: Is this the business partner or no? 14 MR. SINGER: He is the business partner from a 15 company called VertCity. He has asked to be removed from the 16 bond. I spoke with him. He has indicated that even if the 17 Court were to grant a new bond or modify the present one, that 18 he still wish to be removed. The other two, a -- I know I'm 19 gonna -- I have trouble with the names, and I apologize, a 20 Mr. Liu, L-I-U, Mr. Liu is here in the audience, and the other 21 is Ms. Huang, H-U-A-N-G. Ms. Huang is in the audience. 22 is the person that Mr. Miao has been living with and is still 23 living with. 24 THE COURT: He's still living with? 25 MR. SINGER: Still living with.

1 THE COURT: All right. 2 The nature of the relationship may have MR. SINGER: 3 changed since the beginning but they're --4 THE COURT: I understand that it has. 5 understand that on at least one occasion Ms. Huang had 6 indicated she wanted to be removed as suretor. 7 understand --8 Hold on. Only one of us. So I understand that her 9 current position is that she would remain, but, nonetheless, 10 the Court is aware that she had strongly indicated previously 11 that she did not want to remain and, so, I understand the 12 current state of play, but, nonetheless, the fact that there 13 has been at least some ambivalence at a minimum on her part is 14 something that the Court considers noteworthy. 15 MR. SINGER: I am uncertain of the timing of that 16 and my understanding -- and, again, I stand to be corrected by whoever has different information if I'm wrong about this, my 17 18 understanding that Ms. Huang's request to be taken off the 19 bond was based on an understanding that Mr. Miao was going to 20 be incarcerated and --21 THE COURT: This predated the remand, just so that 22 you're clear. 23 MR. SINGER: Okay. 24 Just so that you understand, when I THE COURT:

remanded him, the information I received concerning Ms. Huang

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had predated that.

MR. SINGER: Okay. I did -- I've had conversations with Ms. Huang about this and with Mr. Liu and both have indicated to me that if the Court were to, again, either grant a new, or continue the bond, they indicated that they were prepared to sign and they're here, and if that becomes an issue, obviously, the Court can question them about that.

And I believe that efforts are being made to secure another possible suretor if the Court were to grant a bond to replace Mr. Lee. I don't have that specific information on that for the Court yet, but if you were to consider that, we certainly would bring that information to the Court.

So I've worked into the details and then I, as is my own process, I sit back and try to big-picture it because I am, again, rushing into this as fast as I can but also trying not to lose the forest for the trees. So I want to do a little bit of the forest if I can, Judge.

The concerns that are raised, you know, for someone who is not a U.S. sis, who is a risk of flight, obviously it's a consideration for the Court and for the Government.

Mr. Miao has been -- was arrested in October of '22. It's been a year and a half he's been out, he's known what the case was about, he's received all the discovery, he knows what this is about, he hasn't gone anywhere. So I understand there's always a concern about risk of flight and he hasn't kept every

appointment, I mean, I can't sit here and say he's done a
great job --

THE COURT: Nor has he allowed us to monitor fully his devices and, so, you know --

MR. SINGER: I'll address that because I'm not sure that's completely accurate, but in terms of flight, you know, searching for the cost of an airplane, I mean, I've done that. I can't afford it and I'm never gonna do it.

THE COURT: Just so that you're clear, the Court stated in summary that it appeared as if he was searching regarding the purchase of an airplane but what appeared on his device goes far beyond simply a Google search. There were steps taken to obtain information concerning — I can only ascribe it in the layman's term that I might understand, airplane's Carfax report, which the average person cannot simply obtain. I can't just get an airplane's Carfax report, nonetheless, this was information that was found to reside on his computer. So it's more than simply Google searches.

There are clearly efforts that are being taken to search for IDs —

MR. SINGER: I'll address that --

THE COURT: -- look at potential airplanes, crypto currency, the dark web. There are a lot of kind of small pieces that are making a picture to a puzzle for this Court that raises a concern about risk of flight.

I was not aware about the information 1 MR. SINGER: 2 obtained from the computer until Your Honor mentioned it --3 I just learned as well. Fair enough. THE COURT: 4 MR. SINGER: Okay. A lot of this strikes me as sort 5 of scary language that -- that's made to paint a picture, and, 6 again, I want to do it from the forest. He -- Mr. Miao hasn't 7 gone anywhere. He's made all of his court appearances, not 8 all -- I understand he hasn't kept everything he's supposed to 9 do, but when he's required to be in court, he's been in court 10 and has made no effort to flee. He is a young man who, since 11 August, has been on the -- has been on home detention and 12 unable to leave. It's been very difficult. I think there's 13 been some mental health concerns raised, as well. He's 14 struggling with that and dealing with that. He's also trying 15 to maintain work with a company called VertCity, which I believe he is one of the principals of, and also with a 16 17 nonprofit company in New York called Velocity. And I think 18 it's through Velocity, this nonprofit, that is doing work for 19 some governments that -- that have raised some of the concerns 20 here about crypto currency, they're doing projects and he's 21 sort of the computer guy to do some of these projects. 22 One of them, in terms of the State of Hawaii, as I 23 understand it, again, I haven't had time to research it to the 24 nth degree to know, but I believe this Velocity -- the State 25 of Hawaii is working on digital identification, which is where

1 the world is going for you and I --

THE COURT: And you're telling me that the State of
Hawaii is contracting with Mr. Miao to address their need for
digital identification --

Only one of us can talk at a time. You're telling me that the State of Hawaii is contracting with Defendant Miao to create, design some kind of, I don't know, I'd --

MR. SINGER: Not with him.

THE COURT: Right. So --

MR. SINGER: But through the company that he -- this Velocity nonprofit.

THE COURT: You see how none of this -- it's not really making sense to the Court. I mean --

MR. SINGER: Again, he -- I mean, I can -- I've had conversations with him, I've had some conversations with others, and I -- I mean, I'm provided --

THE COURT: This doesn't present as a coherent story for me.

MR. SINGER: It's just that there is -- none of these efforts have led to anything. The monitoring has been on since September.

THE COURT: Right. I'm trying to assure it doesn't lead to anything. It's called a risk of flight, otherwise we would be in a different posture and I would be issuing a warrant for someone who has already fled. I'm trying to

address the risk. So the risk of flight presumes he hasn't done it yet.

MR. SINGER: The Onion web browser, I understand, is a web browser that provides greater levels of security than Google or Bing or Edge or whatever we all use.

THE COURT: Or another way for saying the Onion web browser is a web browser that allows you to access the Internet in an undetected manner. There's another way to look at that.

MR. SINGER: Well, there's gonna be detection of it because any activity on the computer is monitored by the -- I believe it's an outside company that pretrial works with to -- that puts the material --

THE COURT: If it hasn't been disabled, which we have some evidence that there was an issue with the monitoring that was placed on the device. So, again, there's lots of pieces here.

MR. SINGER: Last week it was that it had been removed from the phone, and I don't believe that he has the ability to and I don't believe it was removed from the phone. Now we're hearing it was disabled.

THE COURT: I used the word disabled. That was perhaps my inartful way of addressing it. I can have pretrial services state it in a more exacting fashion. But in any event, removal, disable, inoperable, you can pick whichever

word, the outcome and the meaning and the consequence is the same.

MR. SINGER: I mean, I'm at a disadvantage here because I don't know what was found on the phone. I certainly haven't had an opportunity --

THE COURT: We can do this: The law provides, or the statute provides for a detention hearing to be reopened at any time. Now, typically, it's if I find that there is information that was not known to the movant at the time of hearing. This was a sua sponte issue, but given the fact that you were just brought on to this case, if additional time is what you would like to be able to explore some of these issues, to be able to make potentially more cogent arguments in an effort to avoid remand here, I will allow you the opportunity to do so.

But as it stands now, the information that you are providing me is not sufficient to overcome the Court's concerns regarding what I deem to be clear and convincing evidence of a risk of flight here.

MR. SINGER: My disagreement, I suppose, is with the conclusion that the Court is reaching. Risk of flight, if -if the concern is him leaving, I just don't see that as being a realistic concern based on any of this. If there's limitations in terms of -- that can be made -- more intensive monitoring.

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THE COURT: He's already on location monitoring.

He's already on cyber monitoring. I'm not really certain,

short of me moving into his home, what more I can do. I mean,

we're monitoring every aspect.

MR. SINGER: I don't know that the -- again, pretrial gets the monitoring information from an outside company, that's my understanding of this, that there's an outside company that loads the app or the program onto the phone or the computer, that they are monitoring -- they have the capacity to monitor things live, and when there is a concern, that they bring it to pretrial which then brings it to the Court. There was no concern or indication that whatever is going on with this app on the phone was --

THE COURT: No concern by whom? Pretrial services raised this as a concern. Pretrial services has a concern.

The Court has a concern. Whether some third party company finds the searches concerning is completely irrelevant and they have no basis to make an assessment.

MR. SINGER: Not the search. They didn't raise, with pretrial, that we can't access his phone. They're saying it was disabled or removed in some way, not providing updated information on the phone, and that was not raised until pretrial had the phone and looked at it. I am presuming from that that there was a steady flow of information that was coming in through the monitoring software from the phone.

2 Can you give me some clarification on this issue

Hold on.

3 | with respect to what was either removed or I said disabled,

4 can you just clarify for the record, please?

THE COURT:

Just state your name for the record before you start.

PRETRIAL OFFICER: Jeannine Quijije, Pretrial Services.

Just to be clear, so the monitoring software,

Mr. Singer is correct, comes from a third party vendor. The

vendor puts whatever software is on the phone and we get live

data. So the issue with the terminology, disabled, removed,

is it wasn't reporting, it wasn't reporting data.

So if Your Honor recalls the memorandum that we drafted in February 20-something that Your Honor was referring to, we indicate that we were asking the defendant to please bring in the devices because something wasn't right and he -- he kept stalling or refusing, and that was when became the issue. We were concerned. We weren't -- we weren't reporting -- we weren't seeing the reported data. The more we kept telling him, the more he just came up with excuses as to why he couldn't bring in the device.

So, normally, our course of duty is when we see the device is not reporting data, we ask the defendant to come in and we inspect the devices to make sure that if there is an

THE COURT: And you had asked him to come in repeatedly to address this issue?

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MR. SINGER: -- to be able to try and put a full explanation to the Court together if that's possible.

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THE COURT: That's absolutely possible. Again, you just stepped into the role as counsel for Defendant Miao. I certainly appreciate that you are trying to put these pieces together. I would like to give you an opportunity. We can revisit this issue. It's going to have to be the week of

Proceedings April 1st. 1 2 How about April 4th, at 12:30, folks? 3 That works for the Government, MS. GONZALEZ: 4 Your Honor. MR. SINGER: April 4th, at 12:30, I can do that. 5 6 THE COURT: Okay, wonderful. MS. GONZALEZ: Your Honor, could the Government just 7 8 put additional facts on the record? 9 THE COURT: Yes, please. 10 MS. GONZALEZ: Thank you, Your Honor. 11 I don't think it's accurate to say that the events 12 in Pretrial's memorandum represent the first time that 13 Defendant has not been compliant. In the Government's motion 14 for revocation of the bond which was filed in August, and 15 that's ECF 149, we discussed how in 2023 Defendant tried to 16 get his passport back from pretrial multiple times and he made 17 excuses as to why he needed that passport, and that was in the 18 motion that Judge Reyes had considered when revoking the bond 19 and Judge Reyes did find that there was probable cause to 20 think that the defendant committed wire fraud when he 21 submitted an application for life insurance with materially 22 false information. Instead of remanding the defendant, 23 Judge Reyes increased the amount of the bond. 24 THE COURT: I'm sorry, when was that application

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made?

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MS. GONZALEZ: That was August 15, 2022, and Your Honor referred it to the magistrate judge.

THE COURT: No, when the application for the life insurance was made.

MS. GONZALEZ: That was in June, June 5, 2023.

THE COURT: Okay. And what was the inaccurate information contained in that?

MS. GONZALEZ: So, the most obvious is when the application asked whether within the last ten years have you been convicted of a felony or such a charge pending against you, the defendant said no.

In addition, the life insurance company, which was Guardian, could not verify certain information such as the residence the defendant provided which was an office building and not his primary residence. The defendant had also listed that his net worth was \$30 million on that application.

THE COURT: Three-zero-million?

MS. GONZALEZ: That's correct, Your Honor. And he also wrote that his three individual beneficiaries, which were his parents and brother, lived with him at the office building address, in contrast to his interview with pretrial services in which he had reported that his parents lived in China and that he had no family members in the U.S. And for each of those beneficiaries he provided the same birthdate of January 1, which just seems implausible.

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So based on that application, Judge Reyes did find that there was probable cause, but he gave the defendant, as he said, one last chance. And he said in his hearing, when pretrial raised the concern that they would not be able to monitor devices of the roommate he was living with,

Judge Reyes said if he is found to have used his roommate's devices, there's going to be a violation of the bond and there will be no third chance, you will be detained and his roommate may face a contempt charge. That's on page 25 of the transcript. So the searches for Swiss Life Insurance and Hawaii are very concerning to us.

In addition, I just want to put a few additional facts, and Pretrial will tell me if I'm saying this inaccurately, but the defendant has been saying that he doesn't have money, he can't make it to the courthouse.

I understand from pretrial that he Ubered to and from the courthouse last week. So I don't know -- despite them being willing and able to provide a MetroCard. So I don't know what funds --

THE COURT: Oh. Wait a minute. So I provided the MetroCard, but that MetroCard wasn't used, instead Uber was used on March 8th?

PRETRIAL OFFICER: Your Honor, he -- on March 8th, he came to the -- I'm sorry, the hearing before March 8th, the status conference, he Ubered home. We provided him a

MetroCard, and the next day, March 8th, it appeared that he did use the MetroCard.

THE COURT: Okay. But on the date of March 7th, he Ubered home?

PRETRIAL OFFICER: He Ubered home, yes, to Queens.

THE COURT: To Queens?

PRETRIAL OFFICER: Yes

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. GONZALEZ: In addition, obviously that raises red flags to us because the defendant has been saying he has no money and he has also been saying that he's unable to work, but the defendant can work. He can reach out to pretrial and figure out a way to get employment, but I understand from pretrial that he has not provided any efforts for employment or proof of employment.

I understand from the defendant that he is an independent real estate investor, but there are other ways that he can make a living while he is on home detention. And Judge Reyes noted that he can get stationary employment during this time.

So when we're looking at these searches, we're seeing efforts to obtain money, we're seeing searches for airplanes, we're seeing inconsistencies and I would submit outright misrepresentations to pretrial, and this is all -- you know, this all goes to show his risk of flight and -- and

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one thing I will say is I believe it's a preponderance of the evidence standard for risk of flight specifically, but even if it were clear and convincing, I think we've met -- we've gone beyond that.

THE COURT: I think so. Okay. At least now -- all right. Thank you. I think the additional information is particularly helpful, particularly that information related to the hearing before Judge Reyes.

Nonetheless, we can all convene again on April 4th, at 12:30. I think you have an uphill climb, but I'm going to give you the opportunity, nonetheless.

And so that I'm clear, I think that the evidence here certainly, at least as I currently understand it, you may be able to present some of this evidence to me in a different light, but as I currently understand it, I believe that this evidence certainly meets the standard for the Court to make a finding that the defendant is, as I am finding now, a serious flight risk and, therefore, I intend to continue his remand.

Now, to overcome that determination not only would you have to address what I think is considerable evidence in support of this Court's finding which, notably, is not inconsistent with my colleague's finding that was made in August, but in addition, even if you were to overcome that evidence, I think we still have some issues with respect to the suretors anyway, right? I think, you know, Ms. Huang's

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- current willingness, but the back and forth that we've seen 1 2 with respect to her willingness to serve as a suretor and 3 Mr. Lee's indication that he no longer wishes to serve as a 4 suretor creates some additional hurdles, but that's almost 5 cart before the horse, quite candidly, because the true issues that brought this question before the Court related to the 6 concerns raised by, first, pretrial services or the 7 8 Government, I don't know which one comes first in August, and 9 then pretrial services in February, which we've addressed I 10 think now, at length, at this hearing. So, again, the Court does find that Defendant Miao 11 12 poses a serious flight risk, and as a result, the Court 13 intends to remand him pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 3141(E)(1). We'll 14 have another hearing set for April 4th. 15 Is there anything else, folks, that we need to 16 address before we adjourn? 17 MS. GONZALEZ: Not from the Government. Thank you. 18 THE COURT: Thank you. 19 Mr. Singer? 20 MR. SINGER: No, Judge. I would just ask -- I would 21
 - do whatever paperwork is necessary, but I would like to get a copy of the minutes of today's proceeding.
 - THE COURT: That's above my pay grade. You can talk to the court reporter.
 - MR. SINGER: You may have to sign off.

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